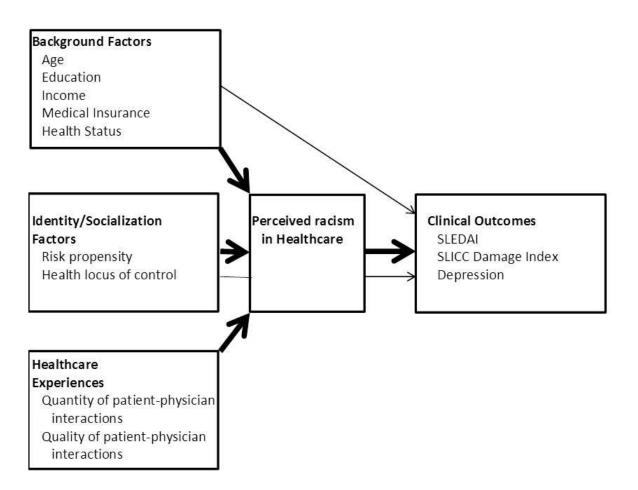
## **SUPPLEMENT**

Supplement 1. Conceptual model for understanding perceived racism and its effect on SLE-related health outcomes (Adapted from Hammond $^{13}$ )



Supplement 2. SLE patient characteristics in relation to perceived racism in healthcare\*

| Characteristic  | Low Perceived                    | High Perceived                    | P-     |
|---|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------|
|   | Racism,                          | Racism,                           | value† |
|   | n = 193                          | n = 150                           |        |
| Race, n(%)  |                                  |                                   | <0.001 |
| African-American  | 72 (37.3)                        | 91 (60.7)                         |        |
| White   | 121 (62.7)                       | 59 (39.3)                         |        |
| Backgrou  | nd                               |                                   |        |
| Recruitment Site, n(%)  |                                  |                                   | 0.013  |
| U Chicago   | 91 (47.2)                        | 91 (60.7)                         |        |
| U Pittsburgh  | 102 (52.9)                       | 59 (39.3)                         |        |
| Age, mean $\pm$ SD years  | $43.7\pm13.2$                    | $45.6\pm13.0$                     | 0.201  |
| Gender, n(%) female   | 175 (90.7)                       | 146 (97.3)                        | 0.014  |
| Education, n(%)   |                                  |                                   | <0.001 |
| Less than HS graduate   | 11 (5.7)                         | 5 (3.3)                           |        |
| HS graduate   | 57 (29.5)                        | 18 (12.0)                         |        |
| More than HS graduate   | 125 (64.8)                       | 127 (84.7)                        |        |
| Income, n(%)  |                                  |                                   | 0.193  |
| <\$10000  | 40 (20.9)                        | 28 (19.1)                         |        |
| \$10001-30000   | 44 (23.0)                        | 29 (19.7)                         |        |
| \$30001-50000   | 27 (14.1)                        | 29 (19.7)                         |        |
| >\$50000  | 75 (39.2)                        | 61 (41.5)                         |        |
| Employed, n(%)  | 82 (42.5)                        | 77 (51.3)                         | 0.192  |
| With Private Medical Insurance, n(%)  | 124 (64.3)                       | 92 (61.3)                         | 0.579  |
| Marital Status, n(%) married  | 98 (50.8)                        | 83 (55.3)                         | 0.402  |
| SLE Disease Duration, mean $\pm$ SD months  | $117.5\pm109.4$                  | $122.4\pm116.1$                   | 0.740  |
| Charlson Comorbidity Index, mean $\pm$ SD   | $2.09 \pm 1.31$                  | $\textbf{2.21} \pm \textbf{1.40}$ | 0.396  |
| Identity/Social   | lization                         |                                   |        |
| DOSPERT, mean $\pm$ SD  | $16.4 \pm 4.4$                   | $17.3 \pm 4.8$                    | 0.059  |
| Health locus of control, mean $\pm$ SD  |                                  |                                   |        |
| Internal  | $25.3 \pm 4.9$                   | $24.1 \pm 5.5$                    | 0.041  |
| Chance  | $18.6 \pm 5.6$                   | $17.9 \pm 5.6$                    | 0.237  |
| Powerful others   | $\textbf{25.3} \pm \textbf{5.3}$ | $23.6 \pm 9.5$                    | 0.037  |
| Healthcare expe   | eriences                         |                                   |        |
| Physician-patient relation duration, mean $\pm$ SD years                              | $5.3 \pm 5.4$                    | $5.0 \pm 4.6$                     | 0.581  |
| Duration of clinic follow-up, mean $\pm$ SD years                                     | $\textbf{8.1} \pm \textbf{7.4}$  | $7.5 \pm 6.2$                     | 0.392  |
| Physician's PDM style, mean $\pm$ SD  | $73.7 \pm 23.5$                  | $67.3 \pm 25.4$                   | 0.016  |
| Trust in physicians, mean ± SD  *High (vs. low) persolved racism was defined as havin | $\textbf{42.1} \pm \textbf{7.3}$ | $34.3 \pm 7.1$                    | <0.001 |

<sup>\*</sup>High (vs. low) perceived racism was defined as having an index score of >10 (vs. ≤10)

<sup>†</sup>Significance level of the  $\chi 2$  (or Fisher's exact) statistic for categorical variables and 2-tailed t-test (or Wilcoxon's rank sum test) for continuous variables.

HS, High School; PDM: Participatory decision-making.